Puget Sound Anglers-Bellingham

January 20, 2022 Mark Baltzell Statewide Salmon and Steelhead Manager



MA-7 Recreational Salmon Fisheries

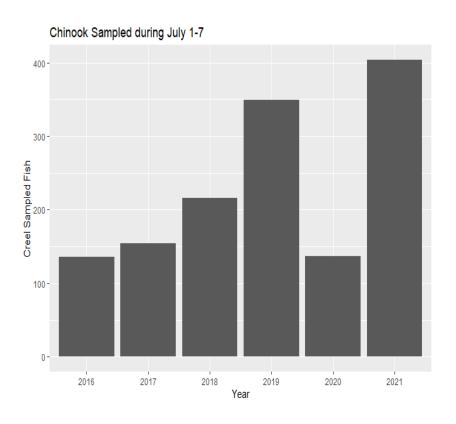
- 2021 Season Why only 7 days?
- Why have recreational salmon fisheries been reduced in Area 7 in recent years?
- What can we do different to avoid a repeat of 2021?

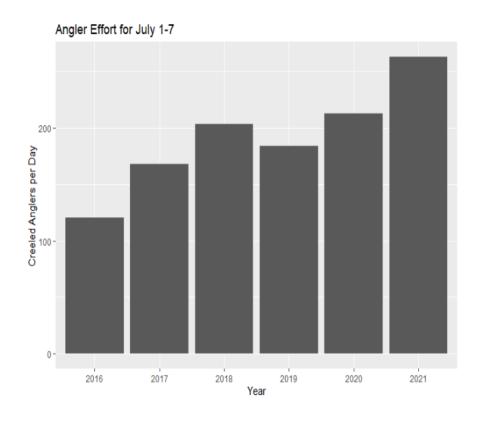
Area 7 – 2021 Management Triggers

	FRAM Model Prediction	Estimates	Percentage of Total
Harvest Quota (Landed Catch)	1,382	2,550	185%
Total Unmarked Encounters	2,466	1,274	52%
Total Sublegal Encounters	1,899	983	52%



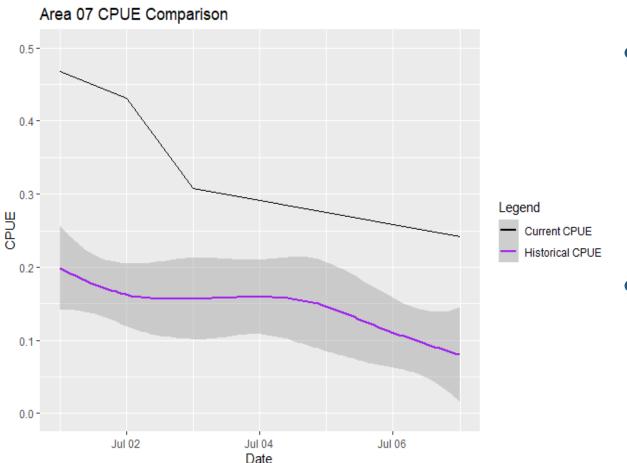
2021 MA-7 Effort







2021 MA-7 CPUE



- CPUE
 higher in
 2021 than
 historical
 average
- This trend has been seen other areas

Stillaguamish Impacts – MA-7

- Total overage in catch quota limited other non-directed opportunities
- Commercial fisheries directed at Pink and Sockeye have little or no modeled impact to contribute.

Stillaguamish Impacts in the MA-7 Sport Fishery July-September, 2021

MARKED						
Preaseason Model		Preaseason Model with 2021				
		MA-7 Catch				
MSF Landed	8.42	15.68				
MSF Drop Off	0.48	0.90				
MSF Sublegal	1.21	0.73				
MSF Non-Retention	0.13	0.23				
Total MSF	10.24	17.54				
Non-Selective, Non-	1.02	1.60				
Retention	1.02	1.60				
UNMARKED						
Preaseason Model		Preaseason Model with 2021				
		MA-7 Catch				
MSF Landed	0.04	0.00				
MSF Drop Off	0.22	0.09				
MSF Sublegal	0.55	0.07				
MSF Non-Retention	0.43	0.17				
Total MSF	1.24	0.33				
Non-Selective, Non- Retention	0.46	0.15				



Management History

- Prior to 2017, constraining stocks for PS Chinook:
 - Mid-Hood Canal
 - Lake Washington
 - Puyallup, Skokomish, Nisqually (occasionally)
- 2017 Comanagers assessed the status of the stocks
 - Determined that Stillaguamish Chinook was in a declining population status
- 2016-17 Management Model (FRAM) updated with contemporary base period of years (2007-13)



Stillaguamish Chinook Management Objectives

- Pre-2017 objective using the old FRAM base period was 15% SUS CERC or 25% total ERC
- 2017 objectives were adjusted:

	Forecasted	Total UM		
Stillaguamish	TRS	ERC	SUS UM ERC	SUS M ERC
MU	900	22.0%	8.0%	12.0%
	1,000		8.0%	12.2%
	1,100	22.0%	8.0%	12.4%
	1,200		10.0%	14.8%
	1,300	•	11.0%	16.2%
	1,400	22.0%	12.0%	17.6%
	1,500	22.0%	13.0%	NA

TRS= Terminal Run Size

UM = Unmarked (Natural)

ERC = Exploitation Rate Ceiling

M = Marked (Hat)

SUS=Southern US (South of Canadian boarder including Ocean fisheries)

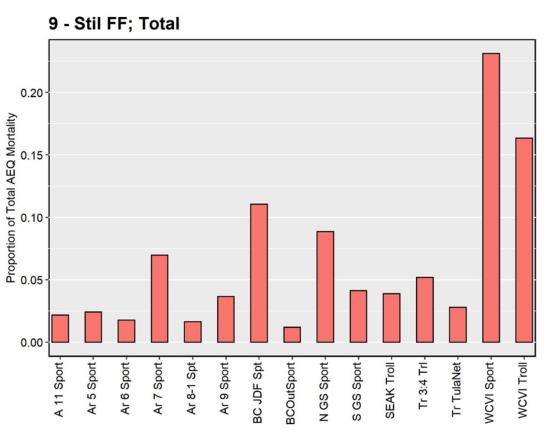


Stillaguamish Status

- In the past 3 pre-seasons, Stillaguamish has been in a poor abundance status (between 900 and 1000, e.g., just above the LBT).
 - This causes the objective to be 8.0% SUS a considerable reduction to the objective relative to the pre-2017 objective.
- Historically, when Mid HC and Lake WA were the most constraining stocks, Area 7 was not highlighted as an area of particular concern.
 - While impacts did exist in Area 7 for both stocks, impacts were fairly spread out across many marine areas.



Stillaguamish Impacts



- Stillaguamish impacts
 differ from Mid HC and
 Lake WA as the impacts
 are greatest in MA 7
 relative to other sport
 areas
- Therefore, modifications to the Area 7 season have been necessary to meet conservation objectives for Stillaguamish.



MA-7 Alternative Management Strategies

- Later season opening
 - Mid-August September
 - MSF or NR for Chinook
- Avoid season openings adjacent to the Fourth of July weekend
 - Recent history indicates the highest CPUE and effort associated with the first week of July



Alternative strategies (cont.)

- Reduced day openings
 - Weekends only
 - Sunday Thursday
 - Goal would be to reduce effort and extend the total season length
 - Allows for WDFW to analyze data and assess season progress.

Future of MA-7

- Stillaguamish likely to remain constraining for at least near future
- SRKW concerns will likely continue
- Priority?
 - Time on the water?
 - Chinook directed fisheries?

Thoughts?





